

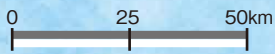
# Route Map

## Route for Observing Fossils

- 1 Teshio River Historical Archive (Teshio)
  - 2 Shosanbetsu Nature Exchange Center (Shosanbetsu)
  - 3 Haboro Local Museum (Haboro)
  - 4 Obira Cultural Exchange Center (Obira)
- A Nakagawa Ecomuseum - Nakagawa Museum of Natural History (Nakagawa)  
 B Numata Fossil Museum (Numata)  
 C Art and Natural History Museum (Takikawa)  
 D Mikasa City Museum (Mikasa)  
 E Center for Museum Activities (Sapporo)  
 F The Hokkaido University Museum (Sapporo)



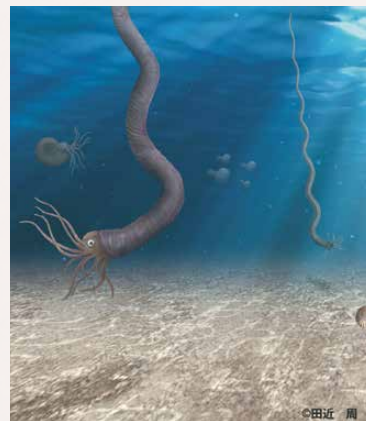
▲ the Haboro Flower Fossil (Haboro Town Local Museum)



## The Ammonite with a “Fluffy Permanent Wave”!?



The 86-million year-old ammonite which was found in July of 2017 in Haboro was researched and classified as a new species of ammonite. The scientific name is *Eubostrychoceras Waldelaxum*, which in Latin means thick bun (=Eubostrycho) + horn (=ceras) + very (=ralde) + loose (=laxum). In other words, “The ammonite with a big hair do”. As its name implies, this ammonite has a unique shape and resembles a spring which has been pulled to its limit. Ammonites like this are termed “extremely coiled”, and a variety of such ammonites have been found in Hokkaido. Indeed, new types are being found on a yearly basis!



← A rendering of *Eubostrychoceras valdelaxum* ecology (Drawn by Tajika? Shu?)

The newly discovered *Eubostrychoceras valdelaxum* (Mikasa City Museum) →



20 mm